

~~Tank for Oils or Liquids for Direct Fastening  
on a Fastening Surface~~

~~Specification~~

Docket#72280

**TANK FOR OILS OR LIQUIDS FOR DIRECT FASTENING ON A  
FASTENING SURFACE**

**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

**[0001] This application is a United States National Phase application of International  
Application PCT/DE 2005/000052 and claims the benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of  
German Patent Application DE 10 2004 002 108.2 filed January 14, 2004, the entire contents of  
which are incorporated herein by reference.**

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**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

**[0002]** The present invention pertains to a tank for oils or liquids designed for direct fastening on a fastening surface. Corresponding to an embodiment, it pertains specifically to an oil tank for fastening on a vehicle, preferably on a motor vehicle engine.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0003]** \_\_\_\_\_ Aside from the fuel tank, tanks for oils and/or liquids are installed at different locations in motor vehicles. The tanks are needed, for example, as an oil reservoir, in order to ensure a predetermined circulation volume for the oil in an oil circulation. They are used as oil tanks, among other things, in connection with the oil circulation of a power steering or even in connection with the lubrication and cooling of a motor vehicle engine. In the latter case, they are also used to ensure that the oil used to cool the engine has a sufficient residence time away from the engine in order to release the heat to be removed by it into the environment. It is only in this way that the oil itself can cool again and assume its cooling function as a result.

**[0004]** \_\_\_\_\_ Corresponding tanks, i.e., ~~for example~~, oil tanks, are fastened to the respective fastening surface according to the state of the art by means of tightening straps, a positive-locking connection with a sheet metal holder, by means of dowel pins or by screwing on directly. Openings for the screws are provided on the circumference of the tank for fastening by means of screws. The tank is either provided for this purpose with a circular collar, on which holes are provided for the screws at spaced locations, or a plurality of eyelets are arranged on the circumference of the tank. A tank of this class is disclosed, for example, in DE 100 37 856 A1. The document pertains to an oil tank for optimizing the oil balance of an internal combustion engine or a transmission as well as to a process for manufacturing same. A plurality of eyelets for screws used to fasten the tank are arranged on the circumferential surface on the tank described.

100051 However, there is a problem, especially in automotive engineering, due to the fact that a very limited space is frequently available for the components to be mounted. This prior art procedure for forming tanks with a possibility of fastening has not therefore proved to be very compact.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

~~The object is accomplished by a tank with the features of the principal claim. Advantageous embodiments and variants of the present invention are described in the subclaims.~~

**100071** The tank for oils or liquids according to the present invention is fastened by means of fastening means acting directly on the intended fastening surface. According to the present invention, at least one of the fastening means acting directly on the fastening surface is passed through the volume of the tank. The volume, which is available for the fluid to be accommodated by the tank, is not appreciably reduced hereby, but a shape that is very compact toward the outside and can therefore be installed in a compact manner can at the same time be obtained for the tank.

**[0008]** \_\_\_\_\_ Corresponding to an embodiment of the present invention, which is relevant for practice, the tank designed in the manner described is an oil tank for being fastened on a motor vehicle, preferably on the motor vehicle engine, the tank having at least one screw connection led through the volume of the tank.

5     **[0009]** \_\_\_\_\_ Even if the tank is optionally intended for mounting on the motor vehicle engine, it does not necessarily have to be a tank for the motor oil. Rather, it is also conceivable, for example, to fasten an oil tank designed according to the present invention for the power steering on the motor vehicle engine.

10     **[0010]** \_\_\_\_\_ According to an especially preferred embodiment, the tank is to be fastened to the fastening surface by means of screws, which are led through ducts arranged at and/or in the tank. According to the present invention, at least one of the ducts for the screws passes through the tank volume, so that the tank can be fastened in a compact manner and reliably due to the optionally central arrangement of the corresponding duct with the screw led through the channel. The fastening is brought about either by means of self-furrowing or self-cutting screws, which  
15     mesh with corresponding holes in the area of the fastening surface or screws that are screwed into precut threads.

**[0011]** \_\_\_\_\_ According to a possible embodiment, the tank comprises a shell-like tank part and

a tank cover welded thereto and includes a filler neck for introducing the fluid in question as well as two connection pipes for integrating the tank in an oil or liquid circulation. The tank is fastened by means of at least one screw led through the tank in a duct and additional screws led through ducts on the outer circumference of the shell-like tank part. The ducts arranged on the circumference of the shell-like tank part are advantageously shortened compared to the depth of this tank part. At the same time, recesses, through which a tool can pass but the head of a screw used to fasten the tank cannot, are provided on the circumference of the tank cover, in the area of the ducts. A means ensuring captive holding, which prevents the screws introduced into the ducts from sliding out inadvertently, is thus formed. The ducts arranged on the circumference of the shell-like part of the tank are preferably shortened compared to their depth in this embodiment of the tank according to the present invention to the extent that a free space, which facilitates the mounting of the tank on the fastening surface by the screws used for fastening being able to be moved in the free space when the tank is attached to the fastening surface, is obtained between these ducts and the welded-on tank cover.

[0012] According to an especially preferred embodiment, the screws, which will later be used to fasten the tank, are premounted on the tank on the tank side already in the course of the manufacture of the tank. In conjunction with the already mentioned captive holding of the screws, significant simplification of assembly is thus achieved during the fastening of the tank at the site intended therefor, for example, in a poorly accessible area of a motor vehicle.

[0013] The passage of fastening means through the tank in the corresponding positions does, of course, require sealing. Sealing can be achieved by means of a weld seam, for example, in the case of a duct for a screw. It is advantageously possible now to prepare this weld seam, while avoiding additional operations, in conjunction with the welding of tank parts, i.e., for example of a shell-like tank part, to the tank cover.

[0014] According to another advantageous variant, positioning aids may be provided on the outer surface of the tank, which is to be brought into contact with the fastening surface, in the area of the passage of the ducts for the screws. The assembly of the tank and its fastening are further simplified hereby.

~~The present invention will be explained in greater detail once again on the basis of an exemplary embodiment. In the corresponding drawings,~~

Figure 1 shows [0015] The various features of novelty which characterize the invention are pointed out with particularity in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating advantages and specific objects attained by its uses, reference is made to the accompanying drawings and descriptive matter in which preferred embodiments of the invention are illustrated.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0016] In the drawings:

[0017] Figure 1 is a front view of the tank according to the present invention;

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5 [0018] Figure 2 ~~shows~~is a three-dimensional view of the tank according to Figure 1;

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[0019] Figure 3 ~~shows~~is a side view showing the tank in the view toward the outer surface to be brought into contact with the fastening surface; and

[0020] Figure 4 ~~shows~~is a top view of the tank.

## 10 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0021] Referring to the drawings in particular, Figure 1 shows a front view of the tank 1 according to the present invention. The tank 1 shown as an example is an oil tank for a power steering to be fastened to a motor vehicle engine. The tank 1 can be mounted on the motor vehicle engine, not shown here, by means of three screws 4, 4', 4" at three points. According to  
15 the basic idea of the present invention, a screw connection is led through the tank volume, the screw 4 being used being led through a duct 5 extending through the tank 1. Two other screws

4', 4" act directly on the fastening surface and on a surface of the motor vehicle engine, respectively, via ducts 5 arranged on the circumference of the tank 1. As can be recognized, recesses 6, via which, for example, an electric or pneumatic screwdriver can be attached to the screws 4', 4" during the mounting of the tank 1, are provided in the area of these two screws 4', 4" on the circumference of the tank cover 3 closing the tank 1. The recesses 6 are dimensioned such that even though the tool can pass through them, the heads of the screws 4', 4" cannot. A means ensuring captive holding, which makes it possible to premount the screws 4', 4" on the tank already in the course of the manufacture of the tank 1, is thus formed by the tank cover 3 designed in this manner.

10 [0022]\_\_\_\_\_As is better illustrated in Figure 2, the tank 1 comprises a shell-like tank part 2, to which the tank cover 3, visible in the front view according to Figure 1, is welded. The screw connection (with the screw 4) led through the tank volume is sealed at the same time by a weld seam against the escape of oil from the tank 1 in the course of welding. Thus, even though the design of the tank 1 with a screw connection passed through the tank volume does require the  
15 preparation of an additional weld seam for sealing same, this does not raise the need for any further operation, which is favorable in terms of the manufacturing technology, because, as was already explained, the corresponding weld seam is prepared, for example, by vibration welding in conjunction with the welding of the tank parts 2, 3, which is necessary anyway.

[0023]\_\_\_\_\_The advantage achieved due to the design of the tank 1 according to the present



invention becomes very clear from Figure 1. As can be recognized, the tank 1 can be installed and fastened to the motor vehicle engine in an especially compact manner. It is not necessary to provide a fold or eyelets extending around the circumference of the tank for passing through screws 4, 4', 4", nor are additional parts, such as tightening straps and dowel pins, used to fasten the tank 1. Yet, and despite the fact that the screwing points are located close to one another as a result, reliable and stable connection of the tank 1 with the particular fastening surface is achieved.

[0024] Figure 2 shows the exemplary embodiment explained before in a three-dimensional or perspective view. The two-part design of the tank 1 with the shell-like tank part 2 and the tank cover 3 welded thereto can be recognized here. As can be seen, the tank 1 has a filler neck 7 for filling in the oil and two connection pipes 8, 8' for integration in an oil circulation. In addition, one of the ducts 5, through which a screw 4 of the three screws 4, 4', 4" in the example is led for the later fastening of the tank 1 can be recognized. The screws 4, 4', 4" are preferably premounted already at the time of the manufacture of the tank. Due to the special design of the tank cover, which was already explained, and the resulting captive holding, the screws 4, 4', 4" are prevented from sliding out of the ducts 5. A significant simplification results for the installer, who installs the tank 1, due to the premounting of the screws 4, 4', 4". HeAn installer does not need to perform any premounting and can guide a screwdriver used to fasten the tank 1 without problems with the free hand. Changing the grip several times, which is cumbersome, is avoided. In addition, Figure 2 shows the positioning aids 9, which facilitate reliable positioning of the tank 1 on the fastening surface for the installer or worker.

[0025] As is also apparent from Figure 2, the ducts 5 arranged on the circumference of the tank for the screws 4', 4" are shortened in relation to the depth of the shell-like part 2 of the tank to the extent that a sufficient free space 10 is created hereby for handling and moving the screws 4', 4". As a result, when bringing the tank 1 into contact with a fastening surface, the installer is not forced to position all screws 4, 4', 4" simultaneously in the holes or threads provided, because screws 4, 4' that at first meet the fastening surface next to the hole or the thread are able to slide back into this free space 10. By contrast, the screws 4', 4" are prevented from falling out completely by the means ensuring captive holding, which was already explained. If the free space 10 has a corresponding length, the screws 4', 4" may optionally also be introduced laterally into the corresponding duct 5 by tilting unless they were already premounted at the time of the manufacture of the tank, but there is no longer any reliable captive holding in this case.

[0026] Figure 3 shows the tank 1 described once again with a view toward its outer side, which will later be brought into contact with the fastening side. The screw 4, which is led through the tank volume and exits through this surface, can be clearly recognized here. Furthermore, the connection pipe 8, 8' and the positioning aids 9 can be recognized. Finally, Figure 4 shows a top view of the tank 1. The free space 10 created for the screws 4', 4" by the shortening of the ducts 5 can be easily recognized once again in this view.

#### **List of Reference Numbers**

1 ————— Tank

2 ——— Shell-like tank part

3 ——— Tank cover

4, 4', 4" ——— Fastening means, screw

5 ——— Duct

5 6 ——— Recess

7 ——— Filler neck

8, 8' ——— Connection pipe

9 ——— Positioning aid

10 ——— Free space

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**Abstract**

The present invention pertains to a

[0027] While specific embodiments of the invention have been shown and described in detail to illustrate the application of the principles of the invention, it will be understood that the invention may be embodied otherwise without departing from such principles.

## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

       A tank for oils or liquids, ~~which is~~ designed for being fastened directly on a fastening surface. The ~~object is to design such a tank such that it~~ can be fastened in a compact manner and with reliable hold on a fastening surface while having a sufficient tank volume. ~~The object is accomplished in that a~~ At least one of the fastening means fastener acting directly on the fastening surface is led through the tank volume.

Figure 1

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